යියලු ම හිමියම් ඇවිරුම් / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved ]

#### (නව නිර්දේශය)புதிய பாடத்திட்டம்/New Syllabus

පේත්තුව ශී ලංකා විත**ලි ුළුතුනු ම්විතාශි අදඋපාර්තමේන්තුව**්තුව ශී ල postára moලිගාස්කාන්ට සිද් ත්රේ ම් මාන්තරේ මුත්තිකයට පැදියවේ, ජූමිකාන් එක tions, Sri Lanks ව**ලිනෝසනය** සිදු ප්රේණ**ෙන් පුරිමණන් එක හාර්ග**ේ E මින්තුව හි ලංකා විතු දෙප්රතමේන්තුව් සි ලංකා විතුව කානාස්ත ශෝලිගත්තෙයට **විදුවෙන් ආහාර්ග**ේ Examinations හි පිළිබඳවේ මත්තුම් කානාස්ත ශෝලිගත්තෙයට **විදුවෙන් ආහාර්ග**ේ Examinations හි පිළිබඳවේ මත්තුම්

අධාායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2017 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2017

පුරවැසි අධාහපනය I, II குடியியற் கல்வி I, II I, II Civic Education

පැය කුනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours

#### Civic Education I

#### Note:

(i) Answer all the questions.

- (ii) In each of the questions from 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4), which is correct or most appropriate.
- (iii) Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- (iv) Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
- 1. The three main sections of a parliamentary systems of government in sequence are

  - (1) executive, legislature and judiciary. (2) legislature, executive and judiciary.
  - (3) judiciary, executive and legislature.
- (4) executive, judiciary and legislature.
- 2. According to the constitution of Sri Lanka, the electorates are divided by
  - (1) Delimitation Commission.
- (2) Election Commission.
- (3) Public Services Commission.
- (4) a parliamentary select Committee.
- 3. Which of the following terms identify the provision of opportunities for the enjoyment of rights and freedom to everyone without any discrimination?
  - (1) Equality
- (2) Justice
- (3) Law
- (4) Ethics
- 4. Select the answer that gives correctly, two countries that have multiparty system.
  - (1) Great Britain, Malaysia

(2) Sri Lanka, India

(3) Germany, France

- (4) United States of America, Canada
- 5. Political executive of a parliamentary system of Government is
  - (1) President and the cabinet.
- (2) Speaker and the members of the government.
- (3) Prime minister and the Cabinet.
- (4) President and the Prime minister.
- 6. The representative who converts the will of the state and the wish of the people is the
  - (1) President.
- (2) Prime Minister.
- (3) Speaker.
- (4) Government.
- 7. Select the answer that includes first two nation states in Europe.
  - (1) England and Germany

(2) Spain and Italy

(3) Holland and Portugal

- (4) England and France
- 8. According to the federal constitution of U.S.A., two subjects the Central government is entitled for powers are
  - (1) education and health.

- (2) imposition of taxes and foreign trade.
- housing and construction.
- (4) local government and highways.
- 9. What is intended by Labour intensive technique is using
  - (1) mechanical labour frequently in production of goods.
  - (2) human labour frequently in distribution of goods.
  - (3) human labour frequently in production of goods.
  - (4) different techniques for advertising goods.

[see page two

	Select the answer that gives a consumer good and an intermediate good in order.  (1) Food and medicine (2) Machinery and furniture (3) Clothings and fertilizer (4) Buildings and cement
11.	The payments for factors of production, land, labour, capital and entrepreneurship respectively are  (1) wage, interest, rent and profit.  (2) profit, rent, interest and wage.  (3) rent, wage, interest and profit.  (4) profit, rent, wage and interest.
12.	Privatization of state enterprises running at a loss is a basic characteristics of  (1) capitalist economies.  (2) socialist economies.  (3) mixed economies.  (4) transformational economies.
	A characteristic that <b>obstructs</b> the good existence of a multi-cultural society is  (1) respecting other cultures.  (2) considering that one's own culture is always superior to other cultures.  (3) working disregarding racial and religious differences.  (4) learning languages of other communities.
	The representative who is responsible for the coordination between the Central Government and the Provincial Council under Provincial Council system is  (1) the governor of the province.  (2) Chief minister.  (3) Chief Secretary of the province.  (4) Chairman of the Provincial Council.
15.	The economic system in which the ownership of property rests with private sector and economic activities are conducted with profit motive is  (1) market economy. (2) mixed economy. (3) socialist economy. (4) capitalist economy.
16.	A function that comes under public utility services of local government bodies is  (1) construction and repairing of public lavatories.  (2) construction and maintenance of public roads.  (3) maintaining public markets.  (4) systematical maintaining public sewerage systems.
17.	Right to freedom of opinion and expression comes under the human rights category of  (1) economic and civil rights.  (2) human and cultural rights.  (3) political and economic rights.  (4) civil and political rights.
	Which one of the following is a principle relevant to convention on child rights?  (1) Protecting Child's freedom.  (2) Providing best interest of the child.  (3) Ensuring the education of the child.  (4) Ensuring the right for health of the Child.
19.	Duties are divided into two Categories. One of them is moral duties. The other category of duties is  (1) religious duties. (2) social duties. (3) legal duties. (4) civic duties.
	Sri Lanka became a republic under (1) Constitutional reforms in 1931. (2) Constitutional reforms in 1947. (3) Constitutional reforms in 1972. (4) Constitutional reforms in 1978.
21.	The court that was established with the intention of decentralizing powers of court of appeal to provincial level is  (1) magistrate court. (2) district court. (3) high court. (4) provincial high court.
22.	Ruling a country on the basis of supremacy of law is known as  (1) supremacy of the law.  (2) independence of judiciary.  (3) autonomy.  (4) democracy.
	Annual budget control in Sri Lanka is done by  (1) Minister of finance.  (2) Legislature.  (3) Central bank of Sri Lanka.  (4) the President.
24	<ul> <li>According to the first optional protocol to the international convention on Civil and Political rights,</li> <li>(1) a convict can ask for an alternative punishment instead of capital punishment.</li> <li>(2) punishments given through laws with retrospective efforts can be avoided.</li> <li>(3) punishment can be imposed for abducting children and holding captive.</li> <li>(4) if not satisfied with administration of justice in one's own country, one can complain to the human rights committee on human rights violation.</li> </ul>

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25.	The easiest method reach to 'win-win solutions' in conflict resolution is (1) discussion method. (2) bargaining method. (3) co-deliberation method. (4) mediation.
26.	Two legal duties that should be performed by a citizen are  (1) safeguarding constitution and protecting environment.  (2) taking steps to reject terrorism and protect national heritages and national resources.  (3) payment of taxes imposed by the government and protecting public properties.  (4) respecting the clergies and caring for adults.
27.	An adverse effect faced by Sri Lanka as a result of globalization is (1) exclusion of inefficient industries from the market. (2) speeding up of brain drain. (3) Possibility of joining up with various regional organizations. (4) influx of foreign investments and technology.
28.	In the professional field, a method frequently used to solve conflicts between employer-employee partie democratically is  (1) discussion method. (2) conciliation. (3) mediation. (4) bargaining.
29.	Select the answer that gives two powers of provincial Court.  A - Solving Commercial disputes  B - Solving cases related to treasons  C - Solving cases related to labor tribunal decisions.  D - Jurisdiction in election petitions.  E - Solving rape cases.  (1) A and B (2) A and C (3) B and E (4) C and D
30.	The President of Judicial Services Commission is (1) Chief Justice. (2) Solicitor General. (3) Attorney General. (4) Secretary to the Ministry of Justice.
31.	Out of the Constitutional reforms introduced by the British, which reforms gave Sri Lankans for the first time a better opportunity for a political mediation?  (1) 1833 Colebrooke-Cameran  (2) 1910 Crew-Mc-Cullum  (3) 1921 Manning  (4) 1931 Donoughmore
32.	Consider the following statements.  Chapter on fundamental rights is included in the constitution for the first time.  Accepting supreme court as the highest and final superior court of Sri Lanka.  Establishing a constitutional court.  Under which constitution were the above changes made?
	(1) Donoughmore Constitution - 1931 (2) Soulberry Constitution - 1947 (3) First republican Constitution - 1972 (4) Second Republican Constitution - 1978
33.	"Even though a person can walk along the road by waving his walking stick the freedom should end at the tip of the other person's nose." - Harold J. Laski.  The above statement on human rights shows that,  (1) in enjoying human rights, others should help the disabled.  (2) no one has a right to violate rights of another person while enjoying rights.  (3) any person has a right to walk on the road waving a walking stick.  (4) limitations cannot be imposed on a person for enjoying human rights.
34.	The criteria belonging to human development index are  (1) life expectancy, literacy and per capita income adjusted by the purchasing power.  (2) life expectancy, maternal mortality rate and literacy.  (3) Infant mortality rate, literacy and life expectancy.  (4) life expectancy, Crude death rate and per capita income adjusted by the purchasing power.
55.	Two countries that belong to BIMSTEC organization which has been established by countries belonging to Bay of Bengal Coast-line for technical and economic cooperation are  (1) Sri Lanka and Singapore.  (2) Bangladesh and Indonesia.  (3) India and Malaysia.  (4) Myanmar and Thailand.

[see page four

- 36. Certain characteristics that can be seen in developed countries can be seen in Sri Lanka which is a developing country. Select the answer which include two such characteristics that can be seen in Sri Lanka.
  - (1) Higher human development index and lower population growth.
  - (2) Higher urban population and lower infant mortality rate.
  - (3) Higher life expectancy and higher level of literacy.
  - (4) Higher expenditure on education and lower maternal mortality rate.
- 37. What name is used for the cooperative venture formed in 1950 for economic and social advancement of South and South East Asian countries?
  - (1) ASEAN
- (2) Colombo Plan
- (3) Commonwealth
- (4) SAARC
- 38. The affiliated institution of United Nations established with the objectives of promoting nutritional level and living conditions of the rural community and intervening in improving agricultural productivity is
  - (1) Food and Agricultural organization (F.A.O.) (2) World Food Programme (W.F.P.)
  - (3) World Health Organization (W.H.O.)
- (4) World Bank.
- 39. Select the answer that includes two social needs that have to be fulfilled in reaching sustainable development.
  - A Controlling profit maximization attitudes.
  - B Controlling competition created by expansion of market.
  - C Fulfilling basic human needs.
  - D Environment friendly use of resources.
  - E Achievement of justice.
  - (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and E
- (4) D and E
- 40. The main administrative organ of United Nations is the
  - (1) General Assembly.

(2) International Court of Justice.

TO TO

(3) Trusteeship Council.

(4) Secretariat.

\* \*

ซืองู ๑ ซิซิลซี ซุซิอัติ /เทูเมูน บุธินันุศิเดเนนุตนเบลูเ/All Rights Reserved]

#### නව නිර්දේශය/பුනිய பாடத்திட்டம்/New Syllabus

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2017 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2017

> පුරවැසි අධානපනය I, II අභුඛ්ඛාල සභ්ඛ I, II Civic Education I, II

#### Civic Education II

- \* Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- \* Answer five questions, including question No. 1 and four other questions.
- 1. (i) Name two sections of people who were not allowed to participate in the functions of citizen's committee which was the main administrative unit of 'Athens' City State.
  - (ii) Write two characteristics of a society in which supremacy of law prevails.
  - (iii) Mention two specific characteristics of the federal constitution of Switzerland.
  - (iv) Mention two reasons that influenced decentralizing power to regional units of a country.
  - (v) Name two acts government of Sri Lanka has passed to protect the labour rights.
  - (vi) Mention two environmental problems present world has faced due to human activities,
  - (vii) Mention two strategies used globally to develop productivity of resources.
  - (viii) Mention two basic aspects of discussion method used in conflict reconciliation.
  - (ix) Write two reasons for the break down of the social justice of a country.
  - (x) Mention two qualities that should exist in ambassadors and envoys.

 $(02 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 2. (i) Mention two qualifications that an individual has to fulfil to become a voter in an election or a referendum in Sri Lanka.

  (02 marks)
  - (ii) Mention three uses of working according to the constitution in a democratic country. (03 marks)
  - (iii) "The voter's responsibility is very important towards the success of a democratic rule."

    Explain this in relation to three facts. (05 marks)
- 3. (i) Name two types of cases that can be heard by district courts in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
  - (ii) Mention three functions of attorney-general. (03 marks)
  - (iii) State three steps the government of Sri Lanka has taken for the protection of independence of judiciary and describe their importance. (05 marks)
- 4. (i) State two factors that influence the development in international relations. (02 marks)
  - (ii) Write three objectives that a country expects to achieve through maintaining international relations. (03 marks)
  - (iii) Explain in relation to three factors the influence of international relations on Sri Lanka.

(05 marks)

[see page six

- 5. (i) Mention two basic needs required for the existence of the human beings. (02 marks)

  (ii) Mention the three basic economic problems that any economy has to face. (03 marks)
  - (iii) (a) Mention two forms that can be seen in market economies.
    - (b) Describe briefly three characteristics of market economy in Sri Lanka. (05 marks)
- 6. (i) Name two types of local government bodies functioning in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
  - (ii) Mention three uses of local government bodies. (03 marks)
  - (iii) Describe three duties of the citizen towards the Central government, Provincial councils and Local government bodies in Sri Lanka. (05 marks)
- 7. (i) Name two natural phenomena that cause environmental problems. (02 marks)
  - (ii) State three problems faced by Sri Lanka in waste management. (03 marks)
  - (iii) (a) Mention two steps the government has taken recently in waste management in Sri Lanka.
    - (b) Describe, in relation to three facts, how citizens should support in solving the problem of waste in Sri Lanka. (05 marks)



# 10 සහ 11 ශුණි සඳහා ගුන්ථ නාමාවලිය

## (අ.පො.ස) සාමානෳ පෙළ 11 ශේණිය - කෙටි සටහන්

	සිංහල මාධ
	10-11 සිංහල වහාකරණ
	10-11 සිංහල සාහිතෳය රසාස්වාදය
	බුද්ධ ධර්මය
	කතෝලික ධර්මය
	සිංහල භාෂාව හ <mark>ා සාහිත</mark> ාය
	සිංහල සාහිත <mark>ාය සංගුහය</mark>
	English Language
	ගණිතය - 1
	ගණිතය - 2
	ජිව විදහාව 🚺
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	රසායන විදහාව
	ඉතිහාසය
	වාහාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධාායනය
	භූගෝල විදහාව
	පුරවැසි අධාාපනය
	පෙරදිග සංගීතය
	නර්තනය
	නාටා හා රංග කලාව
	චිතු කලාව
	තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාඤණය
	සන්නිවේදනය හා මාධා අධායනය
	සෞඛ්‍යය හා ශාරීරික අධ්‍යාපනය
	කෘෂි හා ආහාර තාක්ෂණය
	ගෘහ ආර්ථික විදා ාව
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	l ශේණිය - පුශ්නෝත්තර
	සිංහල මාධ්
	සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතෳය
	බුද්ධ ධර්මය
	ඉතිහාසය
	වාහාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධාායනය
	පුරවැසි අධාාපනය

### **Grade 11 - Short Notes**

English Mediu	m
Buddhism	
Mathematics - 1	
Mathematics - 2	
Biology	
Physics	
Chemistry	
History	
Business & Account	ing Studies
Geography	
Civic Education	
ICT	
Health & Physical E	ducation
10-11 English Litera	ry (Poetry)
10-11 English Litera	ry (Drama)
10-11 English Litera	ry (Short Story)
Grade 11 - Mode	el Papers
English Mediu	m
Civic Education	
10 ශුේණිය - කෙරි	ටි සටහන්
සිංහල මාධ්ය	
බුද්ධ ධර්මය	
කතෝලික ධර්මය	
සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාස්	හිතාය
සිංහල සාහිතාය සංගු	හය

ගැනානාය - 1
ගණිතය - 2
ජීව විදහාව

] භෞතික විදහාව ] රසායන විදහාව

ඉතිහාසය	Grade 10 - Short Notes
ඉතිහාසය රූප සටහන් අශුිත කෙටි සටහන්	English Medium
වාහපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධාායනය - 1	Buddhism
වාහපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධාායනය - 2	Mathematics - 1
භූගෝල විදහාව	Mathematics - 2
පුරවැසි අධාාපනය	Biology
පෙරදිග සංගීතය	Physics
තර්තනය	Chemistry
නාටා හා රංග කලාව	History
විතු කලාව	Business & Accounting Studies - 1
තොරතුරු හා ස <mark>න්නිවේ</mark> දන තාඤණය	Business & Accounting Studies - 2
සන්නිවේදන <mark>ය හා මාධා අ</mark> ධායනය	Geography
මසෟඛාය <mark>හා ශාරීරික අධාාපන</mark> ය	Civic Education
කෘෂි <mark>හා ආහාර තාක්ෂ</mark> ණය	ICT
ගෘහ ආර්ථි <mark>ක වීදාහව</mark>	Health & Physical Education
ජපත් භාෂාව	a 1 10 15 1 1 D
	Grade 10 - Model Papers
10 ශේණිය - පුශ්නෝත්ත <mark>ර</mark>	English Medium
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය	Mathematics
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය	Mathematics Science
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතා‍ය බුද්ධ ධර්මය	Mathematics Science Civic Education
සිංහල මාධප සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය බුද්ධ ධර්මය ගණිතය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography
<b>සිංහල මාධ</b> න  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  වීදාහාව	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book
<b>සිංහල මාධ</b> න  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහාව ඉතිහාසය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධාහාපතය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධාහපනය  භූගෝල විදාහව	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  であるでは  であるで  「本のので  「ないっとして   「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「ないっとして  「
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධාහාපතය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය  භූගෝල විදාහව  පෙරදිග සංගීතය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  අනෙකුත් ගුන්ථ නෙළදිව කතිකාවත
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධාහපනය  භූගෝල විදාහව	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  අනෙකුත් ගුන්ථ නෙළදිව කතිකාවත - අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපතය  භූගෝල විදහව  පෙරදිග සංගීතය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  Peoනකුත් ගුන්ථ නෙළදිව කතිකාවත - අරුණශාත්ත අමරසිංහ නොල්මන් අවතාර සහ යකදුරන්
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍ය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහාව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය  භූගෝල විදාහව  පෙරදිග සංගීතය  පාඩමෙන් පාඩමට මාසික ඇගයීම් සිංහල මාධ්‍ය	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  අනෙකුත් ගුන්ථ නෙළදිව කතිකාවත - අරුණශාත්ත අමරසිංහ නොල්මත් අවතාර සහ යකදුරන් - අරුණශාත්ත අමරසිංහ සිසු-ගුරු අත්පොත නාටා හා රංග කලාව 10-11 ලේණි සඳහා (නව විෂය
සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය  බුද්ධ ධර්මය  ගණිතය  විදාහව  ඉතිහාසය  පුරවැසි අධාාපනය  භූගෝල විදාහව  පෙරදිග සංගීතය  පාඩමෙන් පාඩමට මාසික ඇගයීම් සිංහල මාධ්‍ය  10-ගේුණිය - විදාහව	Mathematics Science Civic Education Geography English Activity Book English Work Book  අනෙකුත් ගුන්ථ නෙළදිව කතිකාවත - අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ නොල්මන් අවතාර සහ යකදුරන් - අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ

සියලු ම ශුේණි සඳහා කෙටි සටහන්, පුශ්න පතු කට්ටල සහ වැඩ පොත් අප සතුව තිබෙන අතර, මෙම ඕනෑම ගුන්ථයක් වට්ටම් සහිත ව ඔබේ නිවසට ම ගෙන්වා ගත හැකි ය.